

East Groningen

Regional introduction



A formal region....?



• Formally labeled by the Dutch national as a 'population decline area' (5 municipals).



• Own marketing agency: www.oostgrunn.nl/en/home



Landscape





Rural dull?

Rural idyll?



Settlements

Small villages

Per municipal: few of 2000 and majority 200-600 inhabitants.

• 3 regional centers

Veendam, Stadskanaal and Winschoten (18.000 inhabitants).

• City of Groningen is 30-45 minutes by car.

Topography - Municipal of Oldambt



Public opinion

• Support for anti-establishment

• United communist party (12%, local elections)





Demography

Development in households



Expected *net* change in housing

Source: PBL, CBS 2016

Demography



Source: CBS, 2018

Population – age groups (%), 2015



Source: CBS, 2015

Population development (%), 2011-2017

	Westerwolde		Oldambt
	Vlagtwedde	Bellingwedde	
Natural	-2,1	-4,0	-2,7
Migration	-0,9	-2,3	-0,6
Total population	-2,6	-6,2	-3,4

Source: CBS, 2019

Migration patterns

- Especially return migration of young adults is low.
- City of Groningen is a typical escalator region.

Most important patterns, 2001-2010



Migration patterns

- Decline through migration and natural change.
- Rural-urban for employment and education.
- Rural-rural movements for education and care.

Urban-rural movements for larger dwelling.

Net migration , 2001-2010 0-15 jarigen 15-25 jarigen 25-40 jarigen Legenda 0-15 Jarigen -20% - 10% -10% - 5% 15-25 Jarigen Kleiner dan 205 -20% - -10% -10% - 0% 0% - 10% 10% - 20% Groter dan 20% 0% - 10% 40-65 jarigen 65-85 jarigen 85+ jarigen 0% - 10%

Source: KAW, 2012

Social-economic issues

- Relative high share of unemployment and low income/low education.
- Mismatch in employment opportunities.
- Employment opportunities in Germany have no impact on accessible employment opportunities.



Jobs created by government.



"Livability"

- High scores on safety and dwelling.
- Media attention for lack of amenities and services Accessibility is essential.
- Overall perception of livability is positive, however lower than average.

Livability index, 2016



Source: Leefbarometer, 2019

Challenges

 ✓ Population decline – high outmigration of young population with low return migration (*Groningen escalator region*)

✓ Aging – heath care and accessibility of amenities/services

✓ Structural unemployment with high mismatch in market